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like these are not often to be had; our brands are what most housewives know; all new stock and every article is guaranteed to please.

Cash prices for this and next week.

Creamery Butter, 2 for 65c
Fine Japan Tea, lb.30c
Flat cans Salmon, each 8c
2 1/2-lb cans Peaches . . .10c
3 cans best Tomatoes .20c
Fresh Cornmeal, sack .30c
Fresh Roasted Coffee, lb20c

Bbbs. Gingersnaps . . .20c
Tall Salmon, can. . .12 1/2
2 1/2 lb. cans cherries .10c
Best Idaho Potatoes, 100 pounds95c
Best red Apples, bushel 65c
7 pkgs. Toothpicks . . .20c
7 Bars White Soap . . .25c

EXTRA SPECIAL

One sack High P. Flour \$1.35 with every dollar's worth of groceries at retail prices, or articles not on this list.

Best Sweet Cider, gal. .35c
High P. flour, sack . . \$1.45
Home made Bluing, bottle5c
20c cans Table Syrup, 2 for25c
Best 15c sliced Pine-apple, can10c
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CONSCRIPTION IN GREAT BRITAIN

London, Jan. 3, 6:45 p. m.—A hint that the British government contemplated the introduction of conscription for increasing the army and navy was dropped by Thomas J. MacNamara, parliamentary secretary to the admiralty, while speaking at the Browning settlement this afternoon.

Referring to the fact that there were many thousands of young men in the United Kingdom without dependents who had not answered the call to the colors, Mr. MacNamara said: "If they think they are going to enjoy a life of freedom at the other fellows' expense they won't enjoy it much longer."

The recruiting boom which commenced after the holidays continues. As the result of six open-air meetings at Cardiff, addressed by wounded soldiers, there was an extraordinary rush to the recruiting offices last evening, and the recruiting officers were kept busy until an early hour this morning. At one meeting alone 6000 men bared their heads when the national anthems of the allies were played.

NOTICE

The regular annual meeting of the shareholders of the First National Bank of Ogden, Utah, will be held at their banking room, at 2484 Washington avenue, Ogden, Utah, on Tuesday, January 12, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing directors to serve for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated: Ogden, Utah, December 19, 1914.
WALTER J. BEATIE,
Cashier.

SUGAR FACTORY IN SALT LAKE COUNTY

Salt Lake, Jan. 4.—Confident that a presentation of Salt Lake county's claims of national advantages in selecting a site for a sugar beet factory will ultimately be received with favor, the committee representing the allied commercial organization will today get to the business of "demonstration."

L. R. Eccles of Ogden, E. P. Ellison of Layton and J. William Knight of Provo, representatives of the Knight interests, whose big factory now located at Raymond, Canada, is to be moved to a place yet undetermined, will meet the local boosters and make a trip over much of Salt Lake county.

The Salt Lake county committee is headed by J. W. McHenry, president of the Associated Commercial clubs. Other members are W. T. Hubbard, Orson H. Hewitt and Charles Tins of the board of governors of the Salt Lake Commercial club. At 11 o'clock the representatives of the Knight interests and the committee will begin the tour of the county.

The Murray meeting will be held at noon in the City hall, and after a brief reception there the representatives will go to West Jordan, where the meeting will be held in the old rock church. It is the desire of the committee to have South Jordan, Riverton, Midvale, Draper and Crescent.

From West Jordan the committee will go direct to Granger, where a meeting has been arranged for 4 o'clock. To this session are expected representatives of the farmers and those interested from Pleasant Green, Hunter, Mill Creek, Holladay and other east side settlements.

Boosters for the selection of Salt Lake county as a site are pointing out to the representatives of the Knight interests the offer of a suitable site with 100 acres of land, with abundant

"CAN PROVE I'M WHITE AND HE'LL LOVE ME THEN," SAYS WOMAN WHOSE HUSBAND, THINKING HER NEGRESS, ASKS DIVORCE



Mrs. Alma Boone Little.

"I believe that I can convince my husband that I am white, and if I succeed I think that all our differences may be reconciled," says Mrs. Alma Boone Little, the Detroit woman whose husband is seeking a divorce on the ground that she has colored blood. The young woman shows to the ordinary observer not the slightest indication of negro blood.

GENERAL CABRAL GOING TO NACO

Washington, Jan. 3.—General Villa, as commander in chief of the forces of the Gutierrez government, has ordered General Juan Cabral, with 8000 men, to take charge of the general situation in Sonora, superseding General Maytorena at Naco.

This order is said to have been decided upon by the Gutierrez government as the best way to prevent continuance of hostilities at Naco and Agua Prieta, where there are comparatively small Carranza forces.

Brigadier General Hugh Scott, chief of staff of the United States army, who went to Naco in an effort to obtain the neutralization of that place and prevent bullets from falling into American territory, has advised the war department that the Carranza troops are now at Casas Grandes. Maytorena has delayed signing any agreement for the removal of his forces, pending the arrival of Cabral. The combined Cabral and Maytorena forces will total about 12,000 men, while General Hill, the Carranza adherent, has only about 4000 men.

Comment Withheld.
Officials here, beyond saying that this situation would presently adjust

itself, declined to comment on it. It is generally believed, however, that General Cabral would sign an agreement by which Naco would be declared neutral and the Hill forces would be permitted to go to Agua Prieta.

REOLUTION FAILS.
Buenos Aires, Jan. 3.—The revolution in Paraguay, headed by Colonel Escobar, until recently minister of war in the Sherrer cabinet, has failed utterly. President Sherrer, after having been imprisoned by the revolutionists, has regained his liberty and again heads the government.

REPULSING THE GERMAN ATTACK
Petrograd, Jan. 3.—The following official communication from army headquarters in the Caucasus was issued tonight:

"Throughout the day of January 2 and part of the night of January 3 and 4, an engagement around Sari Kamysch continued with extreme ferocity, the Turks suffering enormous losses.
"There has been no important action in the other regions."

Petrograd, Jan. 3.—The following statement was issued today by the Russian army headquarters:
"On the Buzra and Rawka rivers we are continuing the successful re-

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pulse of German attacks, in spite of the enemy's heavy artillery fire and bomb throwing.

"On the road to Wlozozowa, in the Kielec region, at the village of Lopuszno, on December 31, German troops, after a stubborn battle, took possession of a portion of our trenches, but a later counter attack forced the enemy to abandon all the trenches previously occupied. During the affair we captured several hundred prisoners and nine machine guns.

"In western Galicia fighting continues in the region of Gorlice. In the region of Uzsok pass we occupied Austrian positions where we took as many as 1000 prisoners.

"The Austrian retreat in Bukovina, before the drive of our troops, has taken the character of a great rout.

CHARGE CRIMES OF BARBARISM

Washington, Jan. 3.—Recent findings of the Belgian commission investigating alleged violations of the usages of war by the German army, have been presented to Secretary Bryan and were made public here tonight by Emmanuel Haverth, the Belgian minister. The report asserts that "Belgian civilians have been wantonly shot and Belgian towns ruthlessly destroyed, systematically and by order of German commanding officers."

Proclamations issued by high officers of the German army are quoted in support of the findings. One of those reproduced, said to have been issued at Liege by General von Buelow, after stating a surprise attack upon German troops, announced:

"It is with my consent that the commander in chief has ordered the whole town to be burned and that about 100 people have been shot. I bring this fact to the knowledge of the city of Liege so that the citizens may realize the fate with which they are threatened if they adopt a similar resistance."

Summing up its report, the commission says:

"After such proclamations, who will be surprised at the murders, arson, pillage and destruction committed by the German army wherever they met with resistance?
"If a German army corps or patroling party is received at the entrance to a village by a volley from soldiers of the regular troops who are afterward forced to retire, the whole population is held responsible. The civilians are accused of having fired or having co-operated in the defense, and, without inquiry, the place is given over to pillage and flames and a part of the inhabitants massacred."

"The odious acts which have been committed in all parts of the country have a general character, throwing the responsibility upon the whole German army. It is simply the application of a preconceived system, the carrying out of instructions which have made the enemy's troops in Belgium 'a horde of barbarians and a band of incendiaries.'"

SCHOOL BUILDING AT PRICE BURNS
Price, Jan. 3.—The Price public school building, which cost \$50,000 and accommodated 550 pupils, was gutted by fire between 7 and 8 o'clock this evening. Only the walls are left standing. The fire started from an overheated smoketack, due to soot burning out. The building was insured for \$20,000. The trustees expect to rent rooms and continue the school.

WIMBORNE MADE LORD LIEUTENANT

London, Jan. 3.—Lord Wimborne has been appointed lord lieutenant of Ireland to date from February 17, succeeding Lord Aberdeen.

The contest for the lord lieutenantcy of Ireland has been the most exciting feature of domestic politics in Great Britain.

Lord Granard, who married Beatrice Ogden Mills, was Lord Wimborne's most bitter contestant for the post. Both held offices in the government, but Lord Wimborne, born Ivor Bertie Guest, had the strongest influence with the cabinet, as the Guest family was politically powerful and Winston Spencer Churchill used his best efforts to obtain the office for his cousin.

Lord Granard found his main support among the Irish Nationalists, who wanted him because of his being an Irishman. Lady Granard also was a great source of strength to her husband because of her ability and tact, to say nothing of her wealth.

The salary of the lord lieutenant is \$100,000 a year.

Lord Wimborne is one of the rich-

est peers of England. Though he is a first cousin, not only of the first lord of the admiralty, but also of the Duke of Marlborough, Lord Wimborne is looked upon by Westminster as a social climber. He has a remarkably clever and charming wife.

JAPAN APPOINTS ENVOY TO FAIR

Tokio, Jan. 4.—The Japanese cabinet has designated Admiral Baron Shigeo Dewa as a special envoy to the Panama-Pacific exposition.

Rear Admiral Dewa is one of Japan's most distinguished naval officers. In the Russo-Japan war he was with Admiral Togo all through the Port Arthur blockade and later a squadron during the naval battle with the Russians in the sea of Japan. Early last year he was appointed as head of the naval commission which inquired into the Japanese naval scandal in which bribery was charged in connection with the allotment of construction contracts.

MORATORIUM ABANDONED.
Washington, Jan. 3.—Resumption of payment on demand of deposits and current accounts by the most important banks in France, beginning January 1, was announced in a dispatch received today by the French embassy from Paris.

Alvin Swanson of Cheyenne, Wyo., reported the theft of his Mackinaw overcoat to the Ogden police yesterday. He said that the coat was taken from the Carnegie library on Dec. 18th.

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GERMANS TAKE FORTIFIED TOWN

London, Jan. 3, 10:40 p. m.—In the east the Germans have captured the important Russian position of Borjimow, but elsewhere they have been unable to make headway against the Russians who, as defenders of well fortified positions, are aided by the wet weather and muddy roads which hinder the German movements.

The Austrians claim to have checked the Russian advance near Gorlice, on the Southern Galician railway, west of Jaslo, but apparently the battle here has not yet been concluded. The Russians, on the other hand, have taken the Austrian positions near Uzsok pass, which should open another entrance for them through the Carpathians into Hungary, while the Austrian retreat in Bukowina is described by the Russians as a rout.

The Turks have crossed the Russian border in the Caucasus, and according to their own account, have defeated the Russian garrison at Ardagan. They are, however, displaying anxiety for their remaining possessions in Europe by feverishly fortifying the whole coast line. What they fear is not disclosed for it is considered hardly possible for the allies to land a sufficient force to prove a menace to them. It is possible that they anticipate an invasion from another source.

Indications point to the possibility of the Balkan states which are now neutral taking a hand in the war.

The Greek minister of finance has declared that Greece is making preparations to maintain the new territories which she gained in the Balkan wars from Turkey and Bulgaria, but that she has more to fear from Bulgaria than from Turkey. It is not thought that Rumania can look on calmly while the Russians are advancing toward Transylvania, and it is expected that she will join with Russia and try to secure the much coveted eastern province of Austria-Hungary.

FRENCH TROOPS CONTINUE THEIR SLOW ADVANCE

Paris, Jan. 3, 2:45 p. m.—The French official statement issued this afternoon says:

During the day of January 2, we strengthened this position to the north of the Lys, gained by feverishly fortifying the line. The enemy has shown activity only in the region of Zonobeke, which he has violently bombarded. From the Lys to Arras there is almost complete quiet.

There was a military engagement in the region of Albert and Roye, and our infantry advanced some 500 metres near La Boisselle.

From the Oise to the Meuse, on the plateau of Touvent, our heavy artillery has demolished several fortifications from which the enemy was

harassing our sappers. Spirited cavalry duels have taken place to the west and east of Craonne. Near Perthes-lez-Hurlus, we have progressed about 300 metres. Near Beaunejour there has been infantry fighting in which we have inflicted serious losses on the enemy.

The Germans have launched two attacks without success in the forest of La Grurie. On all this portion of the front the artillery has shown everywhere great activity.

In the region of Verdun and on the heights of the Meuse, there was an artillery duel. We have again gained a little ground in the forest of Bouchon, northeast of Troyon, and in the forest of Le Preire (northwest of Ponta-Mousson).

In the Vosges we have occupied one of the enemy's trenches. Artillery engagements have taken place in the Ban-de-Sapt, and in the valley of the Save.

In Upper Alsace our former gains in the region of Thann have been maintained. We have bombarded a German train in the railway station of Altkirch, and caused some damage on the railway between Carspach and Dierspach, to the southwest of Altkirch.

In general, the perceptible abatement which can be noted in our active offensive should be attributed to the incessant rains which soak the ground and make operations everywhere almost impossible.

Crown Painless Dentist. Honest work and honest prices. 2468 Wash. Ave.

RAIN HALTS THE SEVERE FIGHTING

London, Jan. 3, 10:40 p. m.—The extremely rainy weather, the worst Europe has experienced in years, causing floods in the river valleys of the continent as well as those of England, has prevented any operations on a large scale on the western battle front, and has seriously interfered with those in the east.

There have been heavy artillery engagements from the sea to the Swiss borders, and occasional attacks by the infantry of the opposing armies, which, when not repulsed, have added a few yards to the territory in the possession of the attacking force, but have always proved costly adventures.

The French have gained a little ground between Albert and Roye, just north of the point where the line turns eastward, and to the east of Rheims and southwest of Verdun, where the attempts to make the German positions at St. Mihiel, on the Meuse, untenable, are proceeding slowly. They have also made some advance in Alsace, but have suffered a repulse to the northwest of St. Moncheould.

Read the Classified Ads.

FACES CHARGE OF KILLING A WOMAN FOR CASH TO WED; TRIAL SOON OF YOUTH ALLEGED TO HAVE SLAIN LOS ANGELES WIDOW



Mrs. Maude B. Kennedy, the slain woman (left); Percy M. Tugwell, the accused, and his wife (right), and Mrs. Philip Kennedy, freed of suspicion.

The meteoric rise and tragic fall of the Kennedy family will be told in Los Angeles, Cal., when on January 12 Percy M. Tugwell, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Tugwell, is placed on trial charged with the murder of Mrs. Maude B. Kennedy, a wealthy widow. It is alleged that young Tugwell murdered Mrs. Kennedy and robbed her so he might have money with which to get married. In his original story Tugwell told the police that Philip Kennedy, son of the dead woman, and Philip's wife, were the guilty persons. This statement he later retracted.

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